UT SPORTS CAMP - Medical Information Release & Waiver

Print Child's Name	Print Pa	rent/Gua	ırdian's Na	ime	Print E	mergency Cor	ntact's Name	e/Number
The undersigned, in partial considerable said activity, which may include be discharge the State of Ohio, The lemployees (Releasees) from any said participation or by any proper Releasees or otherwise. The under demands whatsoever arising from mentioned activity, including but safely participate in the camp, with Parent/Guardian's Initials	oodily injur University of and all claiterty belongersigned do ersigned do n injuries of not limited	y, death configured to particular to particular to particular to particular to neglique to	or property, its govern m, injury orticipant chy agree to y damage I gence of sa	damage. T ing board, r damage s ild, whethe indemnify a resulting fro id employe	he undersigr officers, age ustained by er caused by and save har om the partio	ned does herek nts, employees the participant the negligence mless the Rele cipation of his/	oy waive, rele s and any stu c child arising e or carelessi asees from a 'her child in t	ease and forever adents acting as g from or out of the all claims or the above-
I hereby authorize the University use my child's name in connectio for any purpose that the Universi liability for any violation of any purpose all such recordings, in whatever in Parent/Guardian's Initials	n with thes ty deems a ersonal or	acting pu se recordi appropria proprieta	rsuant to ings, and unter te, including ry right I or	se reprodu g promotic my child n	to record m ce, exhibit or onal or adver nay have in c	distribute in a	nny medium I release the	these recordings University from
Please describe below or attach treatment or emergency care is r	-		information		ou feel the	-	-	
following:	<u>YES</u>	NO					<u>YES</u>	NO
Nosebleeds	<u> </u>	<u></u>		Fair	nting		<u></u>	<u></u>
Stomach Cramps					rgies			
Diabetes				Mu	scles/Joints			<u> </u>
Sore Throats				Visi	on			
Infections				Ort	hopedic Brac	ces		
Epilepsy					iring			<u> </u>
Heart Conditions				Oth				
High/Low Blood Pressure				Exp	lain:			
Breathing								 -
If yes to any of the above, please	explain: _							
			INSURANC	E INFORM <i>A</i>	ATION			
It is important for your child to have medical attention during camp. Y The University of Toledo will bear	ou underst	insurance tand that	information all costs re	on with the lated to me	m at camp.	-	-	
Insurance Company:								
Address:								
City/State/Zip:								
Subscriber's Name:								
Subscriber's Policy Number(s):								
Is a claim form required by the in	surance co	mpany?	Yes	No	(If yes, attac	h copy.)		
Your signature as a parent or gua emergency room to administer no admission to area hospitals if neo understand and agree that Release with such authorized emergency	ecessary ho essary. You sees assum	ealthcare u acknow ne no resp	to your ch ledge that	ild in the ca such care s	ise of an acci hall be subje	ident or emerg ect to the terms	ency. This pos of this Agre	ermission includes eement. You
Signature of Parent/Guardian (re	quired for	participat	ion of child	(k		Date		

Ohio Department of Health Concussion Information Sheet For Interscholastic Athletics

Dear Parent/Guardian and Athletes,

This information sheet is provided to assist you and your child in recognizing the signs and symptoms of a concussion. Every athlete is different and responds to a brain injury differently, so seek medical attention if you suspect your child has a concussion. Once a concussion occurs, it is very important your athlete return to normal activities slowly, so he/she does not do more damage to his/her brain.

What is a Concussion?

A concussion is an injury to the brain that may be caused by a blow, bump, or jolt to the head. Concussions may also happen after a fall or hit that jars the brain. A blow elsewhere on the body can cause a concussion even if an athlete does not hit his/her head directly. Concussions can range from mild to severe, and athletes can get a concussion even if they are wearing a helmet.

Signs and Symptoms of a Concussion

Athletes do not have to be "knocked out" to have a concussion. In fact, less than 1 out of 10 concussions result in loss of consciousness. Concussion symptoms can develop right away or up to 48 hours after the injury. Ignoring any signs or symptoms of a concussion puts your child's health at risk!

Signs Observed by Parents of Guardians

- ♦ Appears dazed or stunned.
- ♦ Is confused about assignment or position.
- ♦ Forgets plays.
- ♦ Is unsure of game, score or opponent.
- ♦ Moves clumsily.
- Answers questions slowly.
- ♦ Loses consciousness (even briefly).
- Shows behavior or personality changes (irritability, sadness, nervousness, feeling more emotional).
- ♦ Can't recall events before or after hit or fall.

Symptoms Reported by Athlete

- Any headache or "pressure" in head. (How badly it hurts does not matter.)
- Nausea or vomiting.
- ♦ Balance problems or dizziness.
- ♦ Double or blurry vision.
- ♦ Sensitivity to light and/or noise
- ♦ Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy or groggy.
- ♦ Concentration or memory problems.
- ♦ Confusion.
- ♦ Does not "feel right."
- ♦ Trouble falling asleep.
- Sleeping more or less than usual.

Be Honest

Encourage your athlete to be honest with you, his/her coach and your health care provider about his/her symptoms. Many young athletes get caught up in the moment and/or feel pressured to return to sports before they are ready. It is better to miss one game than the entire season... or risk permanent damage!

Seek Medical Attention Right Away

Seeking medical attention is an important first step if you suspect or are told your child has a concussion. A qualified health care professional will be able to determine how serious the concussion is and when it is safe for your child to return to sports and other daily activities.

- No athlete should return to activity on the same day he/she gets a concussion.
- ♦ Athletes should <u>NEVER</u> return to practices/games if they still have ANY symptoms.
- ◆ Parents and coaches should never pressure any athlete to return to play.

The Dangers of Returning Too Soon

Returning to play too early may cause Second Impact Syndrome (SIS) or Post-Concussion Syndrome (PCS). SIS occurs when a second blow to the head happens before an athlete has completely recovered from a concussion. This second impact causes the brain to swell, possibly resulting in brain damage, paralysis, and even death. PCS can occur after a second impact. PCS can result in permanent, long-term concussion symptoms. The risk of SIS and PCS is the reason why no athlete should be allowed to participate in any physical activity before they are cleared by a qualified health care professional.

Recovery

A concussion can affect school, work, and sports. Along with coaches and teachers, the school nurse, athletic trainer, employer, and other school administrators should be aware of the athlete's injury and their roles in helping the child recover.

During the recovery time after a concussion, physical and mental rest are required. A concussion upsets the way the brain normally works and causes it to work longer and harder to complete even simple tasks. Activities that require concentration and focus may make symptoms worse and cause the brain to heal slower. Studies show that children's brains take several weeks to heal following a concussion.





www.healthyohioprogram.org/concussion

Returning to Daily Activities

- Be sure your child gets plenty of rest and enough sleep at night – no late nights. Keep the same bedtime weekdays and weekends.
- Encourage daytime naps or rest breaks when your child feels tired or worn-out.
- Limit your child's activities that require a lot of thinking or concentration (including social activities, homework, video games, texting, computer, driving, job-related activities, movies, parties). These activities can slow the brain's recovery.
- Limit your child's physical activity, especially those activities where another injury or blow to the head may occur.
- Have your qualified health care professional check your child's symptoms at different times to help guide recovery.

Returning to School

- Your athlete may need to initially return to school on a limited basis, for example for only half-days, at first. This should be done under the supervision of a qualified health care professional.
- 2. Inform teacher(s), school counselor or administrator(s) about the injury and symptoms. School personnel should be instructed to watch for:
 - a. Increased problems paying attention.
 - b. Increased problems remembering or learning new information.
 - c. Longer time needed to complete tasks or assignments.
 - d. Greater irritability and decreased ability to cope with stress.
 - e. Symptoms worsen (headache, tiredness) when doing schoolwork.
- 3. Be sure your child takes multiple breaks during study time and watch for worsening of symptoms.
- 4. If your child is still having concussion symptoms, he/ she may need extra help with school-related activities. As the symptoms decrease during recovery, the extra help or supports can be removed gradually.

Resources

ODH Violence and Injury Prevention Program www.healthyohioprogram.org/vipp/injury.aspx

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention www.cdc.gov/Concussion

National Federation of State High School Associations www.nfhs.org

Brain Injury Association of America www.biausa.org/

Returning to Play

- Returning to play is specific for each person, depending on the sport. <u>Starting 4/26/13, Ohio law requires written</u> <u>permission from a health care provider before an athlete can</u> <u>return to play</u>. Follow instructions and guidance provided by a health care professional. It is important that you, your child and your child's coach follow these instructions carefully.
- Your child should NEVER return to play if he/she still
 has ANY symptoms. (Be sure that your child does
 not have any symptoms at rest and while doing any
 physical activity and/or activities that require a lot of
 thinking or concentration).
- 3. Be sure that the athletic trainer, coach and physical education teacher are aware of your child's injury and symptoms.
- 4. Your athlete should complete a step-by-step exercise -based progression, under the direction of a qualified healthcare professional.
- 5. A sample activity progression is listed below. Generally, each step should take no less than 24 hours so that your child's full recovery would take about one week once they have no symptoms at rest and with moderate exercise.*

Sample Activity Progression*

Step 1: Low levels of non-contact physical activity, provided NO SYMPTOMS return during or after activity. (Examples: walking, light jogging, and easy stationary biking for 20-30 minutes).

Step 2: Moderate, non-contact physical activity, provided NO SYMPTOMS return during or after activity. (Examples: moderate jogging, brief sprint running, moderate stationary biking, light calisthenics, and sport-specific drills without contact or collisions for 30-45 minutes).

Step 3: Heavy, non-contact physical activity, provided NO SYMPTOMS return during or after activity. (Examples: extensive sprint running, high intensity stationary biking, resistance exercise with machines and free weights, more intense non-contact sports specific drills, agility training and jumping drills for 45-60 minutes).

Step 4: Full contact in controlled practice or scrimmage.

Step 5: Full contact in game play.

*If any symptoms occur, the athlete should drop back to the previous step and try to progress again after a 24 hour rest period.



Ohio Department of Health

Violence and Injury Prevention Program 246 North High Street, 8th Floor Columbus, OH 43215 (614) 466-2144

www.healthyohioprogram.org/concussion

Ohio Department of Health Concussion Information Sheet For Interscholastic Athletics

Acknowledgement of Having Received the "Ohio Department of Health's Concussion and Head Injury Information Sheet"

By signing this form, as the parent/guardian/care-giver of the student-athlete named below, I acknowledge receiving a copy of the concussion and head injury information sheet prepared by the Ohio Department of Health as required by section 3313.539 of the Revised Code.

I understand concussions and other head injuries have serious and possibly long-lasting effects.

By reading the information sheet, I understand I have a responsibility to report any signs or symptoms of a concussion or head injury to coaches, administrators and my student-athlete's doctor.

I also understand that coaches, referees and other officials have a responsibility to protect the health of the student-athletes and may prohibit my student-athlete from further participation in athletic programs until my student-athlete has been cleared to return by a physician or other appropriate health care professional.

		EPARTMENTOR
Athlete	Date	O HILLIAM
Parent/Guardian	Date	The trans improve the health of all dides

Rev. 02.13